1. MWhat item is the best choice to assess general reading vision?
2. Document with standard 12 pt. font
3. Large print book
4. Newspaper
5. Handwritten note
6. Macular degeneration causes:
7. Halos around lights
8. Eye pain
9. Reduced peripheral vision
10. Loss of central vision
11. Glaucoma causes:
12. Blurred, hazy vision
13. Reduced peripheral vision
14. Loss of central vision
15. Yellowing of the lens
16. Ptosis is the:
17. Drooping of the upper eyelid which impedes the visual field
18. Drooping of the upper eyelid resulting in presbyopia
19. Turning inward of the lower lid causing irritation to the cornea
20. Dry condition of the eye caused by decreased tear production
21. Which of the following are symptoms of tinnitus?
22. Ringing in the ears
23. Clicking noise in the ears
24. Hissing noise in the ears
25. All of the above
26. Presbycusis involves \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ damage.
27. Conductive
28. Sensorineural
29. Optic nerve
30. Which techniques should NOT be used when communicating with someone hard of hearing?
31. Raising voice to a shout
32. Avoid speaking with your back turned
33. Reduce/eliminate background noise
34. Write down essential information
35. Pain threshold is:
36. Lowest intensity of stimulus at which pain is experienced
37. Maximal level of pain someone can tolerate before seeking relief
38. Which of the following is true?
39. Pain is a subjective experience and cannot be quantified
40. Documentation of location and intensity suffices for a pain assessment
41. Pain intensity documentation should include the numerical rating of pain with the scope of the pain scale
42. Which of the following can be non-verbal expressions of pain?
43. Favoring a body part
44. Restlessness
45. Aggressive behavior
46. B & C only
47. All of the above